

Substitute Bill No. 1178

January Session, 2001

AN ACT CONCERNING PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS FOR MANUFACTURING MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, A MORATORIUM ON CHANGING ASSESSMENT METHODS FOR CERTAIN UTILITY PROPERTY AND FIXING OF ASSESSMENTS FOR ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Subdivision (70) of section 12-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (70) New machinery and equipment used directly in the 4 manufacturing of goods or products and acquired through purchase 5 by any business organization or any affiliate of such business 6 organization as part of a technological upgrading of the manufacturing 7 process at a location in a distressed municipality, targeted investment 8 community, as defined in section 32-222, or enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70, and for which an eligibility certificate has 10 been issued by the Department of Economic and Community 11 Development, which business organization (A) is engaged in the 12 manufacturing, processing or assembling of raw materials, parts or 13 manufactured products, (B) has been in continuous operation in the 14 state for a period not less than five years prior to claiming the 15 exemption provided in this subdivision, (C) had gross receipts in an 16 amount less than twenty million dollars in the year prior to claiming 17 the exemption provided in this subdivision, including receipts of any 18 affiliates of the business organization, and (D) has incurred costs in

acquiring such machinery and equipment not less than the greater of (i) two hundred thousand dollars or (ii) two hundred per cent of the business organization's and affiliate's average expenditure for the acquisition of machinery and equipment used directly in the manufacturing of goods or products at the location in the distressed municipality, targeted investment community or enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70 during the three years prior to claiming the exemption provided in this subdivision, as follows: To the extent of fifty per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which such machinery and equipment is acquired. Any person who desires to claim the exemption provided in this subdivision shall file annually with the assessor or board of assessors in the distressed municipality, targeted investment community or enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70 in which the business organization is located, on or before the first day of November, written application claiming such exemption on a form prescribed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management. Failure to file such application in this manner and form within the time limit prescribed shall constitute a waiver of the right to such exemption for such assessment year, unless an extension of time is allowed pursuant to section 12-81k, and upon payment of the required fee for late filing. No person shall be eligible to receive the exemption provided in this subdivision if such exemption is sought for machinery and equipment located in a manufacturing facility as defined in subsection (d) of section 32-9p, currently receiving assistance under subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, and no person shall receive such exemption for eligible machinery or equipment at each location in a distressed municipality, targeted investment community or enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70 more than once in any continuous five-year period. The state and the municipality and district shall hold a security interest, as defined in subdivision (37) of section 42a-1-201, in any machinery or equipment which is exempt from taxation pursuant to this subsection, in an amount equal to the tax revenue reimbursed or lost, as the case may be, which shall be subordinate to

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54 any purchase money security interest, as defined in section 42a-9-107. 55 Such security interest shall be enforceable against the taxpayer for a 56 period of five years after the last assessment year in which such 57 exemption was received in any case in which the business organization 58 ceases all business operations or moves its business operations entirely 59 out of this state. The assessor of the town in which manufacturing 60 operations of a business organization that has received the exemption 61 under this subdivision is located shall provide written notification to 62 said secretary of the cessation of such operations or the move of such 63 operations entirely out of the state. Such notification may be made at 64 any time after the October first of the last assessment year in which 65 such exemption is received and before the September thirtieth that is five years after the conclusion of said assessment year. Upon receiving 66 67 such a notification, the secretary shall promptly file a notice of lien 68 upon personal property, under part 4 of article 9 of title 42a, to 69 recapture the amount of tax revenue reimbursed. Such notice of lien, 70 once perfected, shall have priority over all previously perfected liens 71 and security interests and other encumbrances of record under the 72 Connecticut Uniform Commercial Code. If more than one agency of 73 the state perfects such a notice of lien on the same day, the priority of 74 such liens shall be determined by the time of day such liens were 75 perfected, and if perfected at the same time, the lien for the highest amount shall take precedence. In addition to the other remedies 76 77 provided in this subdivision, the Attorney General, upon request of 78 the secretary, may bring a civil action in a court of competent 79 jurisdiction to recover the amount of tax revenue reimbursed by the 80 state from any person who received an exemption under this 81 subdivision.

- Sec. 2. Subparagraph (B) of subdivision (72) of section 12-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- (B) Any person who on October first in any year holds title to machinery and equipment for which [he] <u>such person</u> desires to claim the exemption provided in this subdivision shall file with the assessor

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or board of assessors in the municipality in which the machinery or equipment is located, on or before the first day of November in such year, a list of such machinery or equipment together with written application claiming such exemption on a form prescribed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management. Such application shall include the taxpayer identification number assigned to the claimant by the Commissioner of Revenue Services and the federal employer identification number assigned to the claimant by the Secretary of the Treasury. If title to such equipment is held by a person other than the person claiming the exemption, the claimant shall include on [his] such person's application information as to the portion of the total acquisition cost incurred by [him] such person, and on or before the first day of November in such year, the person holding title to such machinery and equipment shall file a list of such machinery with the assessor of the municipality in which the manufacturing facility of the claimant is located. Such person shall include on the list information as to the portion of the total acquisition cost incurred by [him] such person. Commercial or financial information in any application or list filed under this section shall not be open for public inspection, provided such information is given in confidence and is not available to the public from any other source. The provisions of this subdivision regarding the filing of lists and information shall not supersede the requirements to file tax lists under sections 12-42, 12-43, 12-57a and 12-59. In substantiation of such claim, the claimant and the person holding title to machinery and equipment for which exemption is claimed shall present to the assessor or board of assessors such supporting documentation as said secretary may require, including, but not limited to, invoices, bills of sale, contracts for lease and bills of lading. Failure to file such application in this manner and form within the time limit prescribed shall constitute a waiver of the right to such exemption for such assessment year, unless an extension of time is allowed pursuant to section 12-81k. If title to exempt machinery is conveyed subsequent to October first in any assessment year, entitlement to such exemption shall terminate for the next assessment year and there shall be no pro rata application of the exemption unless

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123 such machinery or equipment continues to be leased by the 124 manufacturer who claimed and was approved for the exemption in the 125 previous assessment year. Machinery or equipment shall not be 126 eligible for exemption upon transfer from a seller to a related business 127 [organization related to or affiliated with the seller] or from a lessor to 128 a lessee except to the extent it would have been eligible for exemption 129 by the seller or the lessor, as the case may be. For the purposes of this 130 subdivision, "related business" means: (i) A corporation, limited 131 liability company, partnership, association or trust controlled by the 132 taxpayer; (ii) an individual, corporation, limited liability company, 133 partnership, association or trust that is in control of the taxpayer; (iii) a 134 corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association or trust controlled by an individual, corporation, limited liability company, 135 136 partnership, association or trust that is in control of the taxpayer; or 137 (iv) a member of the same controlled group as the taxpayer. For 138 purposes of this subdivision, "control", with respect to a corporation, means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty per 139 140 cent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of such corporation entitled to vote. "Control", with respect to a 141 142 trust, means ownership, directly or indirectly, of fifty per cent or more 143 of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of such trust. The 144 ownership of stock in a corporation, of a capital or profits interest in a 145 partnership or association or of a beneficial interest in a trust shall be 146 determined in accordance with the rules for constructive ownership of 147 stock provided in Section 267(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 148 or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, other than paragraph (3) of said 149 150 Section 267(c).

- 151 Sec. 3. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (72) of section 12-81 of the 152 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 153 thereof:
- 154 (C) Any person claiming the exemption provided under this 155 subdivision for machinery or equipment shall not be eligible to claim 156 the exemption provided under subdivision (60) of this section or

subdivision (70) of this section for the same machinery or equipment. The state and the municipality and district shall hold a security interest, as defined in subdivision (37) of section 42a-1-201, in any machinery or equipment which is exempt from taxation pursuant to this subdivision, in an amount equal to the tax revenue reimbursed or lost, as the case may be, which shall be subordinate to any purchase money security interest, as defined in section 42a-9-107. Such security interest shall be enforceable against the claimant for a period of five years after the last assessment year in which such exemption was received in any case in which said [manufacturer] person ceases all manufacturing or biotechnology operations or moves [its] such manufacturing or biotechnology operations entirely out of this state. The assessor of the town in which a manufacturing operation of a person that has received the exemption under this subdivision is located shall provide written notification to said secretary of the cessation of such operations or the move of such operations entirely out of the state. Such notification may be made at any time after the October first of the last assessment year in which such exemption is received and before the September thirtieth that is five years after the conclusion of said assessment year. Upon receiving such a notification, the secretary shall promptly file a notice of lien upon personal property, under part 4 of article 9 of title 42a, to recapture the amount of tax revenue reimbursed. Such notice of lien, once perfected, shall have priority over all previously perfected liens and security interests and other encumbrances of record under the Connecticut Uniform Commercial Code. If more than one agency of the state perfects such a notice of lien on the same day, the priority of such liens shall be determined by the time of day such liens were perfected, and if perfected at the same time, the lien for the highest amount shall take precedence. In addition to the other remedies provided in this subdivision, the Attorney General, upon request of the secretary, may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of tax revenue reimbursed by the state from any person who received an exemption under this subdivision. The following shall not be eligible for the exemption provided under this subdivision: (i) A

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- public service company, as defined in section 16-1; and (ii) any provider, directly or indirectly, of electricity, oil, water or gas.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (a) No municipality shall increase the assessed value of the personal property of any public service company, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, on the grand lists of October 1, 2001, or October 1, 2002, because of a change in the method or standard of assessment of such property.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a municipality may increase the assessed value of public service company personal property (1) upon the approval by the Department of Public Utility Control of a petition alleging extraordinary circumstances and hardship filed with said department, or (2) by order of the superior court.
  - (c) In considering any petition filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the Department of Public Utility Control shall conduct a contested case pursuant to the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes. The department shall have sole discretion in determining extraordinary circumstances and hardship, and shall state its findings thereon in any decision rendered upon such petition.
  - Sec. 5. Section 12-65b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
  - (a) Any municipality may, by affirmative vote of its legislative body, enter into a written agreement with any party owning or proposing to acquire an interest in real property in such municipality, or with any party owning or proposing to acquire an interest in air space in such municipality, or with any party who is the lessee of, or who proposes to be the lessee of, air space in such municipality in such a manner that the air space leased or proposed to be leased shall be assessed to the lessee pursuant to section 12-64, fixing the assessment of the real property or air space which is the subject of the agreement, and all improvements thereon or therein and to be constructed thereon or therein, subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, (1) for

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a period of not more than seven years, provided the cost of such improvements to be constructed is not less than three million dollars, (2) for a period of not more than two years, provided the cost of such improvements to be constructed is not less than five hundred thousand dollars, (3) to the extent of fifty per cent of such increased assessment, for a period of not more than three years, provided the cost of such improvements to be constructed is not less than one hundred thousand dollars, (4) to the extent of twenty per cent of such increased assessment, for a period of not more than three years, provided the cost of such improvements to be constructed is not less than one hundred thousand dollars, (5) to the extent of thirty per cent of such increased assessment, for a period of not more than three years, provided the cost of such improvements to be constructed is not less than five hundred thousand dollars, (6) to the extent of twenty per cent of such increased assessment, for a period of not less than five years but no more than seven years, provided the costs of such improvements to be constructed is not less than three million dollars, or (7) to the extent of thirty per cent of such increased assessment, for a period of not more than seven years, provided the cost of such improvements to be constructed is not less than five million dollars.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall only apply if the improvements are for at least one of the following: (1) For office use; (2) for retail use; (3) for permanent residential use; (4) for transient residential use; (5) for manufacturing use; (6) for warehouse, storage or distribution use; (7) for structured multilevel parking use necessary in connection with a mass transit system; (8) for information technology; (9) for recreation facilities; [or] (10) for transportation facilities; or (11) for electric generating facilities.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect from its passage, except that sections 1 to 3, inclusive, shall take effect July 1, 2001, and shall be applicable with respect to property tax exemptions for the October 1, 2000, assessment year and each subsequent assessment year.

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